





Agrobiodiversity – a Crucial Part of Biodiversity

Agrobiodiversität – ein entscheidender Teil der Biodiversität

Brandenburgische Akademie "Schloss Criewen" September 3-5, 2010

kindly supported by the Ministry for Environment, Health and Consumer Protection of Brandenburg



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Program







Friday, September 3th 2010

- Introduction; Einführung
- Current Projects and Future Activities of SAVE Foundation and the European SAVE Network; *Vorstellung von laufenden und geplanten Projekten der SAVE Foundation und des Netzwerkes*
- Presentations of the situation in selected countries; Referate zur Situation in ausgewählten Ländern
- Combined Meeting Project Commission & Council of Cooperation Partners; Vorschläge und Empfehlungen zur Arbeit von SAVE und den Aktionsgruppen und Initiativen in den Mitgliedsländern Brandenburgische
- Closed session of the SAVE Board of Directors
- Tasting of regional specialities; Verkostung regionaler Spezialitäten
- Closed session of the SAVE Board of Directors

Safeguard for Agricultural Varieties in Europe, http://www.save-foundati

Saturday, September 4th 2010





8.30- 11.45 Excursion to the public variety garden of VERN at Greiffenberg & visit to estate Kerkow

Exkursion in den Schau- und Erhaltungsgarten Greiffenberg und Besuch des Gutes Kerkow



14.00



4th European Seminar on Agrobiodiversity:

"AgroBiodiversity - a crucial part of Biodiversity" with speakers from Serbia, Ireland, Bulgaria, Greece,

FYR Macedonia, Kosovo and Ukraine

19.00 Reception/ Empfang of the Nationalparkstiftung Unteres Odertal





Sunday, September 5th 2010

8.30 - ca. 11.30 Excursion to Ark Farm Liebenthal



12.00 Farewell and transfer to the railway station

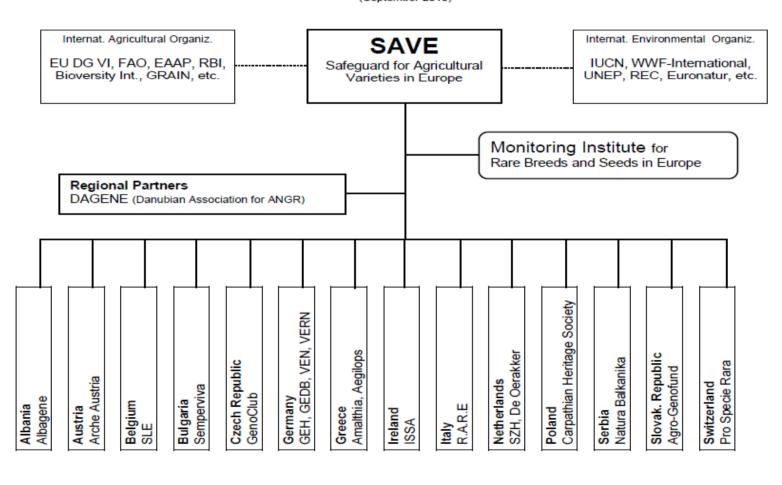
Actual Organisation chart of SAVE Foundation







SAVE Foundation as European Network Organization: Diagram of cooperation
(September 2010)









Project Reports of SAVE Foundation and Monitoring Institute 2010

Report of the commission chairperson Waltraud Kugler







Running & Completed Projects since August 2009

ELBARN 3rd Year







Milestones and Deliverables:

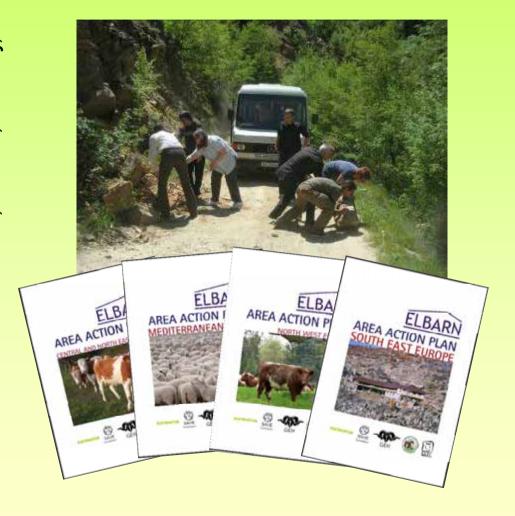
- Central Workshop successfully completed!
- Guidelines published!
- Questionnaire completed, report available!
- 4 Area Workshops sucessfully completed!
- Area Action Plans published!
- Website & Database online!
- Final Report & Publicity Material published!

Area Action Plans









- 4 Action Plans have been published, with summaries in 18 languages
- They present a short overview of the area, a vision of the future of the area, plus steps to achieve these goals.
- The action plans are representative of the opinions of the workshop participants.

Final Publications & Website









The Future of ELBARN







- There are already over 400 ELBARN Ark Centres in 40 countries.
 Concrete steps for building up new centres or improving existing ones need to be taken.
- There are already **28 Rescue Centres in 8 countries** that have agreed to take part in ELBARN. Further tours are required to find more.
- There are already 461 completed breed descriptions in the database.
 These descriptions also highlight the possible uses of the breeds. These need to be added to.

Implementing the Action Plans:

- ELBARN Task Forces as a basis for further work.
- ELBARN coordination office for task forces and other activities.
- Integration of action plans into other conservation projects.

Task Force







The Area Workshops emphasised the need for a pan-European group who would communicate the national and area interests of stakeholders up to a governmental level.

To gain recognition for problems and needs on a national level and also act as a lobbying instrument to improve EU legislation affecting autochthonous breeds.

The ELBARN project partners decided to already create a small but effective Task Force to tackle some of the most pressing needs made up of ELBARN partner organisations and other people who have shown interest and commitment to the project.

European Commission Questions: 2010







- Which animal species and breeds need to be preserved?
 - how to decide?
- How to improve in situ conservation?
 - improving networking, at which level?
- How effective are the different types of action?
- What level of support is needed in terms of budget and human resources?

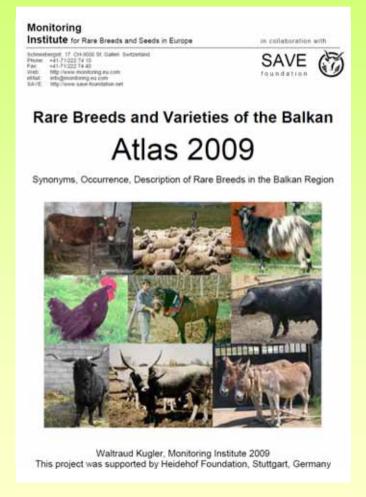






Balkan-Network

http://www.agrobiodiversity.net/balkan









Endangered pig breeds in the Bojana Buna Delta, Albania



Safeguard for Agricultural Varieties in Europe, http://www.save-foundation.net







Conservation of Agrobiodiversity and Management of Ecosystems in Greece

Workshop on small ruminants on June 12-13th 2010



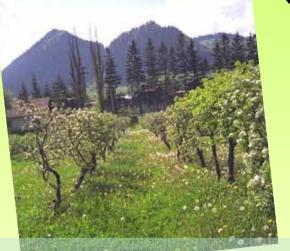
- About 25 people from different breeding organisations
- Current status, aims and problems for conservation of small ruminants
- Herdbooks or Registers and pedigree breeding







Conservation of Agrobiodiversity in the Carpathians





- Search for lost breeds shall be intensified
- Ark network shall be established
- Collections of fruit specimen shall be continued
- Focus on rural development and remote areas

European Buffaloes







- **Rescue Action in Transcarpathia**
- Network of experts in preparation



Arca-Net









Web Network for "Breed Guardians"







- "Arca-Breeders", "Breed Custodians" not fitting into Arca-Net
- Website that allows breeders to make a profile of themselves
 breed, farm, products
- Ning (<u>www.ning.com</u>) is a simple webtool to create "social networks" with photo, video, links, blog, forum, shop, donate....
- Invitation only, SAVE can remove content and members if needed.
- What should the site be called?
- Suggested process:
 - Set up of site in a design that reflects the other SAVE websites
 - Invite known breeders to enter their details
 - Link to other SAVE websites
 - Assess and expand

European Trademark





Conditions & certification for Ark stations and products The procedure with the trademark "Arca-Deli"







European Trademark Arca-Deli

A two step procedure with two labels:

- 1. Area Deli as a trademark for Ark Stations, which fulfil the SAVE conditions for an Ark Station
- 2. A second label for high quality products of rare breeds and plants

A one step procedure with one label

A Trademark with quality criteria, which must be developed, certificated and inspected







Traditional Knowledge in the Alps









Risk Status of Rare Breeds

- Requirements:
 - Simple system that produces results comparable over time and can also be used by other people.
- In the first instance it should measure:
 - the conservation value of the breed e.g. cultural importance
 - the pressure on the breed e.g. support for breeders
 - the current state population data
 - response to situation what is being done?







Risk Status of Rare Breeds

- Survey based on various indicators such as:
 - General breed information
 - Population size
 - Males/Females (purebred)
 - Breeding groups
 - Age of breeders
 - Market for products etc
- Survey designed to give yes/no answers i.e. +/- values that can then be added up to give a numerical value.
- Repeating this process on a yearly/biannual basis should provide information about trends in the different breeds.
- This method is being tested. If it works, it will be used firstly to provide data about Alpine breeds as the next round of monitoring is due.







The SAVE Animal Loan System in practice – new ideas to assure the animals

- Three levels of actor
 - SAVE Foundation
 - Local organisation (NGO)
 - Farmers

- Problems
 - Farmer has the use, but not the ownership
 - often opposition from farmers
 - Local partner cannot control the situation
 -

New Projects







Project start will be soon

Genetic Resources in Romania

(Monitoring, Networking, Conservation)







 Network for the Management of Feral Populations







Thank you very much for your attention and collaboration

Members of the Project Commission and the Council of Cooperation Partners will meet for a closed session